

# THE HARTFORD HERALD.

Subscription \$1 Per Year, in Advance.

"I Come, the Herald of a Noisy World, the News of All Nations Lumbering at My Back."

All Kinds Job Printing Neatly Executed.

38th YEAR.

HARTFORD, KY., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17, 1912.

NO. 16

## AWFUL FATE OF A SHIP AT SEA

World's Biggest Steamer  
Rammed by Iceberg.

## REPORT GREAT LOSS OF LIFE

Mammoth \$10,000,000 Liner  
Meets Disaster On  
Maiden Voyage.

## WIRELESS CALLS BRING HELP

Halifax, N. S., April 15.—The Canadian Government Marine Agency here at 4:15 p. m. received a wireless dispatch that the Titanic is sinking. The message came via the cable ship Minia off Cape Race. It said that the steamer towing the Titanic were endeavoring to get into shoal water near Cape Race for the purpose of beaching her.

Wireless dispatches up to noon to-day showed that the passengers of the monster White Star Liner Titanic, which struck an iceberg off the New Foundland coast last night, were being transferred aboard the steamer Carpathia, a Cunarder which left New York April 13 for Naples.

Another liner, the Parisian, of the Allan Company, which sailed from Glasgow for Halifax on April 6, is already close at hand and assisting in the work of rescue.

The Baltic and Virginian also are near the scene, and the Olympic apparently is near at hand, as the wireless information concerning the transfer comes from Capt. Haddock, of the Olympic.

The first news of the accident was received by the wireless operator at Cape Race. It said:

"Have struck an iceberg. We are badly damaged. Rush aid."

Within half hour the Virginian of the Allan line had been communicated with and her captain was headed directly to the scene. Shortly afterward the Virginian sent the following to her local agents:

"Titanic says she is badly damaged as result of striking an iceberg. She demands immediate assistance and we are rushing to her help."

From time to time other wireless advices were received. In each it was stated the Titanic was still in touch and it was not until 12:27 that the Virginian reported she had lost the Titanic.

A wireless message from the Titanic, received shortly after midnight to-day, announced that the giant new liner had struck an iceberg off the banks of Newfoundland and was in a sinking condition. Transfer of the passengers to the lifeboats began at once. The accident occurred at 10:25 o'clock last night. Two hours later the ship's wireless apparatus, which had been working so badly as to permit of only intermittent and fragmentary messages, failed completely.

The last words sent by the operator told that the vessel was apparently doomed, "sinking by the head," and that the women passengers were being rushed into the lifeboats. A reassuring feature was that the weather was calm and clear, and help only a few hours away.

## LATER REPORTS

Indicate That There Was Terrible  
Loss of Life.

New York, April 15.—It is feared more than 1,500 people sank to death, when within four hours after she struck an iceberg, the White Star Liner, Titanic, bound from Liverpool to New York, foundered off Newfoundland banks.

Up to midnight, 675 passengers, mostly women and children, were accounted for, a wireless received saying they were on the Carpathia bound for New York.

The White Star officials are still hopeful that other vessels, notably the Parisian and Virginian, have saved some or all of the others.

According to a Cape Race dispatch, the Carpathia picked up these passengers, and when she arrived at the scene, there was only floating wreckage of the \$10,000,000 vessel, indicating where she went down.

Agents of the Virginian and the Parisian at Montreal think the Parisian may have arrived in time to be of assistance, but the Virginian, probably too late, proceeded on her voyage. The latter will not be in touch with wireless until she reaches the Irish coast.

The latest reports here from the Virginian were that she could not reach the Titanic before 10 o'clock this morning, eight hours after she went down. It is equally doubtful about the Parisian.

Even the survivors suffered hardships from exposure. The Carpathia picked up lifeboats eight hours after the ship sank. The Titanic cost \$10,000,000. It had aboard \$5,000,000 in diamonds, \$500,000 in freight and nearly 4,000 bags of mail, much valuable registered mail and a large amount of bonds.

The Carpathia has 675 persons, mostly women and children, aboard, bound for New York.

## DATES DEMOCRATS WILL CHOOSE THEIR DELEGATES

Illinois (convention).....April 17  
Alabama (convention).....April 18  
Nebraska (primary).....April 19  
Oregon (primary).....April 19  
Colorado (convention).....April 29  
Florida (primary).....April 30  
Massachusetts (primary).....April 30  
Delaware (convention).....April 30  
Georgia (primary).....May 1  
Connecticut (convention).....May 1  
California (primary).....May 14  
Utah (convention).....May 14  
Michigan (convention).....May 15  
Maryland (convention).....May 16  
Iowa (convention).....May 16  
S. Carolina (convention).....May 21  
Ohio (primary).....May 22  
Virginia (convention).....May 23  
New Jersey (primary).....May 28  
Texas (convention).....May 28  
Georgia (convention).....May 29  
Rhode Island (primary).....May 31  
South Dakota (primary).....June 4  
Ohio (convention).....June 4  
W. Virginia (convention).....June 6  
Minnesota (convention).....June 6

## SHREVE.

April 15.—Mrs. Anderson Davidson and little son, Master Corley, visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas Gentry, near Davison, Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. O. W. Duff spent Saturday with Mrs. Duff's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Whittinghill, of Tristler.

Miss Bertha Crowe has returned home after a two-weeks visit with her brother at Oaks, Ky.

Mr. Brady Payton, who is in the employ of the Champion Bridge Company, is at home for a few days. He has just completed a bridge in Hickman county.

Mr. Simon Smith, of Fordsville, was in our town last Thursday. Mr. Smith says he will start in a few days for Canada and other points with his wick horse.

T. E. Butler lost a good five-year-old mule Sunday, thought to be due to over-work.

Mr. Philip Thompson died last Thursday at the home of his sisters near Askins, after an operation being performed for liver disease.

Mrs. Ida Godsey and daughter Olna went to Fordsville Monday.

Dr. Godsey aims to start to-morrow with Mr. Jack Hall to Louisville, where the latter is to be operated on.

## Farmers' Meeting.

Reva, T. H. Balmain and L. B. Tichenor will speak at the following places on the dates named in the interest of A. S. of E. organization:

Bella Run, April 23d.  
Beech Valley, April 24th.  
Magan, April 25th.  
Washington Station, April 26th.  
Speaking will be at night on each date, beginning about 7:30.

## New York Uninstructed.

New York, April 12.—A delegation of ninety members, uninstructed for any Presidential candidate but bound by a unit rule, was chosen at the State Democratic convention to-day to represent the State in the Baltimore convention. A platform, featuring tariff revision, was unanimously adopted.

## Notice.

The party who got our paper faster will please return same, as we are in urgent need of it.

THE HERALD.

The Court of Appeals holds that the law against the sale, barter or loan of intoxicating liquors does not forbid giving them away.

## CAPTAIN ALEX ROWAN MET DEATH ON RIVER

Went to Watery Grave in a  
Strange Accident—Well  
Known Here.

Captain Alex H. Rowan, forty-seven years of age and one of the best known river men of this section of Green river, was drowned at 11 o'clock Saturday morning, about two and one-half miles above Livermore, near Jamestown. His body was recovered about 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

Captain Rowan was the owner of the gasoline towboat, Jolly Tom, and at the time of his death was engaged in taking a raft of logs down to the Smith Coopers company at Livermore. The raft was ahead of the boat, which was going down the river. The tow drifted against the bank and struck some trees that hung out over the water and Captain Rowan stepped from the boat onto the raft for the purpose of pushing it out into the river. He stepped between two logs in such a manner that he was unable to extricate his foot and the raft was carried down under the boat, with him on top of it, crushing and drowning him between the raft and the bottom of the boat.

An account of the accident was telephoned to Livermore and another boat was sent out at once. The little boat was pulled off the raft and the body of Captain Rowan was recovered and taken to his home in Owensboro.

For a number of years Captain Rowan had engaged in the towing business up and down Green river and was a very popular man. Several years ago he was landlord of the Commercial Hotel in Hartford and was well known here. He is survived by a wife and two children, Miss Annie Laura Rowan, sixteen years of age, and Tanner Rowan, twenty-one years of age. Two sisters, Mrs. Maude Peay, of Little Rock, Ark., and Mrs. Julia Atherton, of Nuckols, and one brother, M. Louis Rowan, of Livermore, also survive him. He was a member of the Livermore camp of Modern Woodmen of America.

## GEN. FRED D. GRANT DIES SUDDENLY IN NEW YORK

New York, April 11.—Major-General Frederick Dent Grant, U. S. A., died here to-night, at the Hotel Buckingham.

The news followed within an hour of the reported illness of General Grant, eldest son of the eighteenth President, and himself Commander of the Department of the East.

Mrs. Grant telephoned the clerk's desk:

"Get a physician, quick. The General is dying."

It was first reported he had strangled, but later the doctors, in a statement, said it was heart disease. He had been suffering from diabetes and attendant digestive disturbances. His heart stopped instantly.

He was born May 30, 1850, and was with his father through several of the civil war campaigns. Later he went to West Point. He resigned in 1881 and in 1888 was made minister to Austria. He re-entered the army in the Spanish-American war and reached the grade of Major-General in 1906. He married Ida M. Honore, of Chicago, in 1874. From 1894 to 1899 he served as Police Commissioner of New York City.

Another Robbery at Maceo.  
Another robbery has been committed at Maceo, being the third within the past four months.

Sometime during Thursday night, the barbershop and restaurant conducted by R. Goode was entered and the burglars secured \$25 in money. It is not thought anything else was taken. The front door to the building was pried open, and the cash drawer in which the money was kept was demolished.

It was only a short time ago that burglars entered the store of the Maceo Mercantile Company and secured about \$75 in money by blowing open the safe with dynamite.

It is believed the execution of Fountain, an American, by Mexican rebels will prejudice any attempt on the part of the latter to secure recognition from the United States as belligerents.

## RAILROAD ASSESSMENTS INCREASED \$137,000,000

And Debt of the State Will be  
Wiped Out as Result of  
This Action.

Kentucky's indebtedness will be wiped out in the next three years and the burden of taxation lifted from the people as a result of the action of the State Board of Valuation and Assessment Friday in increasing more than \$137,000,000 the assessment on franchises of the railroads of the State. The State will receive in taxes nearly \$700,000 more than was received last year from this source and when the board completes the assessment of all public utility corporations, it is believed that these corporations will pay to the State a total of nearly one million dollars more than they paid last year.

One result of the action of the board Friday will be to do away with any necessity for any extra session of the Legislature to pass a public utility bill or take some other step looking to the raising of money to meet claims. The deficit now being wiped out without any further legislation and it is believed now that there will be no further talk of an extra session.

The board which raised the corporations is composed of Thomas Rhea, State Treasurer; Dr. C. F. Creswell, Secretary of State, and Henry Bosworth, State Auditor.

It is said that the action of the board upon all matters considered at the meeting, was unanimous.

The companies will now have thirty days in which to present their claims, arguments and cause for a decrease, at the end of which time the figures will go to the tax duplicate. The board may, if it sees fit, after hearing the representatives on the question, make alterations in the figures announced to-day, but from its final action there is no appeal.

At the rate of fifty cents on the \$100, this increased assessment will produce to the State the sum of approximately \$685,000 and, since it is not likely that there will be a decrease to any appreciable extent during the subsequent three years of this administration, or for that matter at any time beyond the life of this administration, it is figured that the Commonwealth can be freed of her debt and the burden of taxation upon the people equalized.

## ROOSEVELT AND WILSON CARRY PENNSYLVANIA

Philadelphia, Pa., April 14.—The Pennsylvania primary election resulted in a Roosevelt landslide. As the returns continue to come in his victory is made more complete. Of the sixty-four delegates elected in thirty-two congressional districts, fully fifty are pledged to vote for Roosevelt.

The State convention is sure to be controlled by the anti-Taft forces.

The Taft managers are stunned and have nothing to say.

In Philadelphia Taft gets seven of the twelve national delegates. Woodrow Wilson is at the head of a practically solid delegation.

## SUDDEN DEATH OF MRS. T. J. SMITH AT HARTFORD

People of Hartford were inexpressibly shocked last Wednesday morning upon the announcement that Mrs. T. J. Smith had suddenly expired at her residence here. She had gone out into the yard to attend to her poultry when she was suddenly stricken with an attack of acute indigestion. She was assisted into her house by members of the family and Drs. Riley and Wedding hastily summoned, but she began sinking fast. About half an hour later she expired, but was conscious to the last. She realized the end was at hand and spoke tenderly to her family of her departure. No better woman ever lived and loved and died in Hartford than Mrs. T. J. Smith. It was hers to enjoy the love and highest respect of all who knew her.

Mrs. Nancy Ellen Smith was the daughter of Robert and Elizabeth Norris, and was 62 years, four months and one day old at the time of her death. She was born and reared in Daviess county, Ky. She joined the Baptist church at Whitesville, Ky., in 1877, under the pas-

torate of Rev. Arnold, and in 1882 moved her membership to the Hartford Baptist church, and was ever a faithful Christian and loyal to her church and its institutions.

On February 21, 1878, Mrs. Smith was married to Col. T. J. Smith, who survives her. To this union were born six children. Three of these died in infancy, and the following daughters are living: Mrs. Jesse Thomas Renter and Mrs. Mrs. Mary T. Bennett, of Lawton, Okla., and Miss Willye A. Smith, at home. She also leaves five sisters and one brother as follows: Mrs. Artie Berry and Miss Cinderella Norris, of Whitesville; Mrs. G. A. Coats, of Beaver Dam; Mrs. Susan Mary Hayes, of Owensboro, and Mrs. James Cecil, of near Hartford, and Samuel C. Norris, Whitesville.

The remains of Mrs. Smith were kept until Friday to await the arrival of her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. S. P. Renter, also her son-in-law, Mr. Orville Bennett, of Lawton, Okla. Funeral services were held at the Baptist church Friday afternoon, conducted by Rev. Gatlin, of Owensboro. Interment followed at Oakwood. The large concourse of people of all classes who attended the obsequies attested the high esteem in which the deceased was held. Truly, she is gone, but not forgotten.

## NICHOLASVILLE GOES WET—COUNTY UNIT NEXT

Lexington, Ky., April 11.—After being "dry" for six years, Nicholasville, the county seat of Jessamine county, returned to the "wet" column, three saloons opening their doors for dispensing liquid refreshments to the public.

So many Government licenses were held by persons in the town, allowing liquor to be sold by the quart, that the citizens, after watching developments for some time, decided that if liquor was continued to be sold there, the town should have some revenue, and at the recent local option election the town went wet by a decisive majority. The Council fixed the license at \$1,000 and to-day was set for the reopening of the saloons.

The temperance people, however, declare that they have not surrendered, but that their next move will be to secure an order to have an election held under the new county unit law, enacted at the last session of the Legislature, which they hope will make the entire county, including Nicholasville, "dry."

## JUDGE JEP C. JOHNSON DEAD AT GREENVILLE

Judge Jep C. Johnson, one of the best known men in Western Kentucky, died at his home in Greenville at 6 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. He had been in feeble health for some time and his death was not unexpected.

Judge Johnson had resided in Greenville for nearly 20 years, moving there from Calhoun. He was 78 years of age and his long life had been full of activity. During the Civil War he was a Colonel in the Confederate army, and as a lawyer and jurist he has been widely known. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention from McLean county.

## Damage by Pond River.

Madisonville, Ky., April 13.—The loss to the farmers in the Pond River section of the county due to the overflow of that stream has been estimated at \$10,000. Old residents of that section say the water never before made such inroads on their lands or remained so long. Travel for several miles has been cut off. The water is now receding and the condition is improved.

## Governor Appoints Judges.

Frankfort, Ky., April 13.—The Governor to-day appointed J. H. Cooper as Police Judge of the town of Paintsville, in Johnson county, vice John H. Howes, resigned. He designated Judge Flem Gordon, of Madisonville, Special Judge to try several cases in Daviess county in which Judge Birkhead was disqualified.

## To Deliver Chickens.

Pooled chickens to be delivered at Beaver Dam Wednesday and Thursday, April 17th and 18th. Nothing but pooled products to be received on said days.

Bring your eggs.  
S. L. STEVENS,  
L. B. TICHENOR,  
H. T. PORTER,  
Committee

## MEXICO IS GIVEN ORDERS BY U. S.

Instructions are Forwarded to Rebels Also.

## AMERICAN LIFE AND PROPERTY

Must Be Safely Guarded Or  
Belligerents Will Pay  
Consequences.

## WORD "WITH THE BARK ON IT"

Washington, April 15.—Warning was issued to-day by the United States to the Mexican Government, as well as to General Pascual Orozco, chief of the revolutionary forces, that "it expects and must demand that American life and property within the Republic of Mexico be justly and adequately protected, and that this Government must hold Mexico and the Mexican people responsible for all wanton or illegal acts sacrificing or endangering American life or damaging American property, or interests."

The attitude of the United States, as expressed to both the Federal and rebel authorities, is that any maltreatment of American citizens "will be deeply resented by the American Government and people, and must be fully answered for by the Mexican people."

Acting Secretary Huntington Wilson, of the State Department, who to-day issued special instructions to Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson, at Mexico City, and Marion Letcher, American Consul at Chihuahua, authorized the statement that intervention was not contemplated by the United States.

Ambassador Wilson was ordered to communicate at once the views of the United States to the Mexican Minister for Foreign Affairs, and a copy of his instructions was likewise sent to Marion Letcher, American Consul at Chihuahua, with special representations addressed to General Orozco.

Orozco recently refused to recognize Mr. Letcher as the American Consular representative, because the United States withheld recognition of the rebel cause. The representations to Orozco accuse him of "practical murder" of Thomas Fountain, an American gunner, enlisted with the Federals, but summarily executed last week when taken prisoner by the insurgents.

Though declining to justify participation by Americans on either side of the revolution, the United States expressly stipulates that American combatants, when taken prisoner, must be given humane treatment in accordance with the international rules of war.

The correspondence made public to-night is admittedly the strongest demand the United States is known to have made upon Mexico for respectful treatment of Americans as well as other foreigners, and declares that a continuation of illegal acts is tending "to difficulties and obligations, which it is to the interest of all true Mexican patriots, as it is the desire of the United States, to avoid."

The instructions to Ambassador Wilson, sent by telegraph to-day, were as follows:

"You will immediately communicate the following to the Minister for Foreign Affairs:

"The enormous destruction, constantly increasing, of valuable American properties in the course of the present unfortunate disturbance; the taking of American life contrary to the principles governing such matters among all civilized nations; the increasing dangers to which all American citizens in Mexico are subjected; and the seemingly possible indefinite continuance of this unfortunate situation, compel the Government of the United States to give notice that it expects and must demand that American life and property within the republic of Mexico must be justly and adequately protected, and that this Government must hold Mexico and the Mexican people responsible for all wanton or illegal acts sacrificing or endangering American property or interest there situated."

## Subscribe for The Herald—\$1 a Year